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10/017,640	12/14/2001	William R. Matz	36968/265387	9378
38515	7590 07/01/2004		EXAMINER	
BAMBI FIVRE WALTERS			OUELLETTE, JONATHAN P	
PO BOX 574	13 BURG, VA 23188		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
WILLIAMODORG, VII 23100			3629	
			DATE MAILED: 07/01/200	4

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
Office Author Occurrence	10/017,640	MATZ ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Jonathan Ouellette	3629
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be till within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	mely filed ys will be considered timely. In the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
,	action is non-final.	
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E		
Disposition of Claims		
4) Claim(s) 1-3,5-24 and 26-31 is/are pending in the day of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) Claim(s) 1-3,5-24 and 26-31 is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.	
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accomplicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine	epted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se ion is required if the drawing(s) is ob	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a). ojected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicat rity documents have been receiv u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	tion No red in this National Stage
Attachment(s)		
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal I 6) Other:	

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DETAILED ACTION

Request for Continued Examination

The Request filed on 4/5/2004 for Continued Examination (RCE) under 37 CFR 1.114
 based on parent Application No. 10/017,640 is acceptable and a RCE has been established. An action on the RCE follows.

Response to Amendment

2. Claims 4 and 25 have been cancelled, and Claims 26-31 have been added' therefore, Claims 1-3, 5-24, and 26-31 are currently pending in application 10/017,640.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. <u>Claims 1, 6, 10-13, 16-18, and 26-31</u> are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable by Eldering et al. (US 2002/0123928 A1) in view of Ludtke (US 6,202,210).
- 5. As per independent Claims 1, 16, and 17, Eldering discloses a method (computerreadable medium, system) for utilizing information relating to a subscriber to identify

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said subscriber as a desirable subscriber [general marketing purposes] (Abstract) comprising: receiving data from a plurality of programming and advertising sources; receiving viewing information associated with the subscriber; receiving a subscriber attribute, the subscriber attribute comprising data about the subscriber (Figs.5-7); merging said data from the plurality of programming and advertising sources, said viewing information, and said subscriber attribute to create a subscriber information data store; and analyzing said subscriber information data store to determine said subscriber's desirability in relation to a provider (Abstract, Para 0025-0026).

- 6. Eldering fails to expressly disclose the viewing information indicating whether the subscriber viewed data from a source other than the plurality of programming and advertising sources.
- 7. Ludtke teaches monitoring viewer histories to include programming from additional AV sources/DVD player for marketing purposes (Fig.5, C7 L25-39).
- 8. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have included the viewing information indicating whether the subscriber viewed data from a source other than the plurality of programming and advertising sources as disclosed by Ludtke, in the system disclosed by Eldering, for the advantage of providing a method (computer-readable medium, system) for utilizing information relating to a subscriber to identify said subscriber as a desirable subscriber, with the ability to increase effectiveness of the system by incorporating a detailed viewing profile.

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9. As per Claim 6, Eldering and Ludtke disclose wherein said subscriber attribute comprises demographic information.

- 10. As per Claim 10, Eldering and Ludtke disclose wherein said subscriber attribute comprises a purchase.
- 11. As per Claim 11, Eldering and Ludtke disclose wherein said purchase comprises a purchase of a product, wherein said product complements a product provided by said provider.
- 12. As per Claim 12, Eldering and Ludtke disclose wherein said purchase comprises a purchase of a product, wherein said product competes with a product provided by said provider.
- 13. As per Claim 13, Eldering and Ludtke disclose wherein said provider comprises a content provider.
- 14. As per Claim 18, Eldering and Ludtke disclose wherein said subscriber attribute database comprises a purchase history database
- 15. As per Claims 26-31, Eldering and Ludtke disclose wherein said source other than the plurality of programming and advertising sources comprises a videocassette recorder (VCR) or digital video disc (DVD).
- 16. <u>Claim 2, 3, 5, 7-9, 14, 15, and 19-24</u> are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103 as being unpatentable over Eldering in view of Ludtke.
- 17. As per Claim 2, Eldering and Ludtke do not expressly show wherein said subscriber comprises a consumer.

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18. However these differences are only found in the nonfunctional descriptive material and are not functionally involved in the steps recited. The method (computer-readable medium, system) for utilizing information relating to a subscriber, to identify said subscriber as a desirable subscriber would be performed regardless of the type of subscriber used. Thus, this descriptive material will not distinguish the claimed invention from the prior art in terms of patentability, *see In re Gulack*, 703 F.2d 1381, 1385, 217 USPQ 401, 404 (Fed. Cir. 1983); *In re Lowry*, 32 F.3d 1579, 32 USPQ2d 1031 (Fed. Cir. 1994).

- 19. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have performed the method (computer-readable medium, system) on a consumer subscriber, because such data does not functionally relate to the steps in the method claimed and because the subjective interpretation of the subscriber does not patentably distinguish the claimed invention.
- 20. As per Claims 3 and 5, Eldering and Ludtke do not expressly show wherein said data from the plurality of programming and advertising sources comprises television programming data or duration information.
- 21. However these differences are only found in the nonfunctional descriptive material and are not functionally involved in the steps recited. The method (computer-readable medium, system) for utilizing information relating to a subscriber, to identify said subscriber as a desirable subscriber would be performed regardless of the type of content-access information used. Thus, this descriptive material will not distinguish the claimed invention from the prior art in terms of patentability, see In re Gulack, 703 F.2d 1381,

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1385, 217 USPQ 401, 404 (Fed. Cir. 1983); *In re Lowry*, 32 F.3d 1579, 32 USPQ2d 1031 (Fed. Cir. 1994).

- 22. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to perform the method (computer-readable medium, system) using television programming data or duration information as the content-access information, because such data does not functionally relate to the steps in the method claimed and because the subjective interpretation of the content-access information does not patentably distinguish the claimed invention.
- 23. As per Claims 7 and 8, Eldering and Ludtke do not expressly show wherein said demographic information comprises a profession of said subscriber or a property ownership history of said subscriber.
- 24. However these differences are only found in the nonfunctional descriptive material and are not functionally involved in the steps recited. The method (computer-readable medium, system) for utilizing information relating to a subscriber, to identify said subscriber as a desirable subscriber would be performed regardless of the type of demographic information used. Thus, this descriptive material will not distinguish the claimed invention from the prior art in terms of patentability, see In re Gulack, 703 F.2d 1381, 1385, 217 USPQ 401, 404 (Fed. Cir. 1983); In re Lowry, 32 F.3d 1579, 32 USPQ2d 1031 (Fed. Cir. 1994).
- 25. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to perform the method (computer-readable medium, system) using a profession of said subscriber or a property ownership history of said subscriber as the

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demographic information, because such information does not functionally relate to the steps in the method claimed and because the subjective interpretation of the demographic information does not patentably distinguish the claimed invention.

- 26. As per Claim 9, Eldering and Ludtke do not expressly show wherein said subscriber attribute comprises a questionnaire response.
- 27. However these differences are only found in the nonfunctional descriptive material and are not functionally involved in the steps recited. The method (computer-readable medium, system) for utilizing information relating to a subscriber, to identify said subscriber as a desirable subscriber would be performed regardless of the type of subscriber attribute used. Thus, this descriptive material will not distinguish the claimed invention from the prior art in terms of patentability, *see In re Gulack*, 703 F.2d 1381, 1385, 217 USPQ 401, 404 (Fed. Cir. 1983); *In re Lowry*, 32 F.3d 1579, 32 USPQ2d 1031 (Fed. Cir. 1994).
- 28. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to perform the method (computer-readable medium, system) using a questionnaire response as a subscriber attribute, because such an attribute does not functionally relate to the steps in the method claimed and because the subjective interpretation of the subscriber attribute does not patentably distinguish the claimed invention.
- 29. As per Claims 14 and 15, Eldering and Ludtke do not expressly show wherein said content provider comprises a programming provider or an advertising provider.

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30. However these differences are only found in the nonfunctional descriptive material and are not functionally involved in the steps recited. The method (computer-readable medium, system) for utilizing information relating to a subscriber, to identify said subscriber as a desirable subscriber would be performed regardless of the type of content provider used. Thus, this descriptive material will not distinguish the claimed invention from the prior art in terms of patentability, *see In re Gulack*, 703 F.2d 1381, 1385, 217 USPQ 401, 404 (Fed. Cir. 1983); *In re Lowry*, 32 F.3d 1579, 32 USPQ2d 1031 (Fed. Cir. 1994).

- 31. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to perform the method (computer-readable medium, system) using a programming provider or a advertising provider as a content provider, because such data does not functionally relate to the steps in the method claimed and because the subjective interpretation of the content provider does not patentably distinguish the claimed invention.
- 32. As per Claim 19, Eldering and Ludtke do not expressly show wherein said purchase history database comprises a credit card database.
- 33. However these differences are only found in the nonfunctional descriptive material and are not functionally involved in the steps recited. The method (computer-readable medium, system) for utilizing information relating to a subscriber, to identify said subscriber as a desirable subscriber would be performed regardless of the type of purchase history database used. Thus, this descriptive material will not distinguish the claimed invention from the prior art in terms of patentability, see In re Gulack, 703 F.2d

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1381, 1385, 217 USPQ 401, 404 (Fed. Cir. 1983); *In re Lowry*, 32 F.3d 1579, 32 USPQ2d 1031 (Fed. Cir. 1994).

- 34. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to perform the method (computer-readable medium, system) using a credit card database as a form of purchase history database, because such data does not functionally relate to the steps in the method claimed and because the subjective interpretation of the purchase history database does not patentably distinguish the claimed invention.
- 35. As per Claims 20 and 21, Eldering and Ludtke do not expressly show wherein said subscriber attribute database comprises a property ownership database or a survey results database.
- 36. However these differences are only found in the nonfunctional descriptive material and are not functionally involved in the steps recited. The method (computer-readable medium, system) for utilizing information relating to a subscriber, to identify said subscriber as a desirable subscriber would be performed regardless of the type of subscriber attribute database used. Thus, this descriptive material will not distinguish the claimed invention from the prior art in terms of patentability, *see In re Gulack*, 703 F.2d 1381, 1385, 217 USPQ 401, 404 (Fed. Cir. 1983); *In re Lowry*, 32 F.3d 1579, 32 USPQ2d 1031 (Fed. Cir. 1994).
- 37. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to perform the method (computer-readable medium, system) using a property ownership database or a survey results database as a subscriber attribute,

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because such an attribute does not functionally relate to the steps in the method claimed and because the subjective interpretation of the subscriber attribute database does not patentably distinguish the claimed invention.

- 38. As per Claims 22-24, Eldering and Ludtke do not expressly show wherein said data analyzer comprises a report creator, a multidimensional database, or a data-mining application.
- 39. However these differences are only found in the nonfunctional descriptive material and are not functionally involved in the steps recited. The method (computer-readable medium, system) for utilizing information relating to a subscriber, to identify said subscriber as a desirable subscriber would be performed regardless of the type of data analyzer used. Thus, this descriptive material will not distinguish the claimed invention from the prior art in terms of patentability, *see In re Gulack*, 703 F.2d 1381, 1385, 217 USPQ 401, 404 (Fed. Cir. 1983); *In re Lowry*, 32 F.3d 1579, 32 USPQ2d 1031 (Fed. Cir. 1994).
- 40. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to perform the method (computer-readable medium, system) using a report creator, a multidimensional database, or a data-mining application as a data analyzer, because such data does not functionally relate to the steps in the method claimed and because the subjective interpretation of the data analyzer does not patentably distinguish the claimed invention.

Response to Arguments

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41. Applicant's arguments filed 4/5/2004, with respect to Claims 1-3, 5-24, and 26-31, have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

42. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Jonathan Ouellette whose telephone number is (703) 605-

0662. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Thursday, 8am -

5:00pm.

43. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, John Weiss can be reached on (703) 308-2702. The fax phone numbers for

the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 305-7687 for

regular communications and (703) 305-3597 for After Final communications.

44. Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding

should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 306-5484.

jo

June 22, 2004

JOHN G. WEISS

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

juch

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